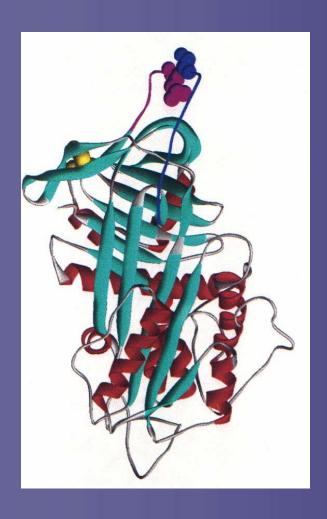
Opportunities and Challenges in Developing Recombinant Human Antithrombin for Treatment of Hereditary AT Deficiency

Dick Scotland
Vice President, Regulatory Affairs
GTC Biotherapeutics, Inc.

Antithrombin



- Single Chain Glycoprotein
 - 432 amino acids, Peptide MW 49,670
 - 4 N-linked glycosylation sites
 - 6 cysteine residues, 3 disulfide bonds
- Serine Proteinase Inhibitor
 - Inhibits Thrombin and Factor Xa
 - Binding of heparin causes a conformation change and 1000 fold increase in inhibitory activity
- Therapeutic Indications
 - Acquired AT deficiencies
 - Hereditary AT deficiency in high risk situations (prevention of thromboembolic events)



Recombinant Human Antithrombin

- Antithrombin alfa (INN)
- Produced and purified from the milk of transgenic goats
 - Closed herd of goats maintained in U.S.
 - Expression of protein into milk regulated by a mammary gland promoter (~1-4 g/L)
 - Purified by filtration & chromatography steps, includes viral inactivation step
 - Robust viral & TSE validation of purification process



Recombinant Production

Characteristic	Recombinant AT	Human Plasma Derived AT
Source	Milk	Plasma
[AT] (mg/mL)	2.0 - 4.0	0.125
Vol./donation (mL)	750	275
Max donations/year	600	1 - 4
Vol.(L)/Donor/Year	450	0.275 - 1.1
Donors / Kg Drug Substance*	1-2	~14,500- 58,000

^{*} Assumes 50% yield through purification



Hereditary AT Deficiency

- Plasma AT levels < 60%
- AT supplementation needed only during high risk situations (e.g., surgery, labor/delivery)
- Published prevalence estimates
 - Range: 1 in 2,000 to 1 in 5,000
- Estimated patient population
 - Europe: 175,000
 - United States: 150,000
 - A rare condition
- Frequency of treatment
 - Pregnancy
 - Surgery
 - Infrequent treatment of patients with a rare condition



Europe

- EMEA Note for Guidance Documents
 - Clinical Investigation of Antithrombin Products (CPMP/BPWG/2220/99)
 - Clinical Investigation of Products for Treatment of Venous Thromboembolic Disease (CPMP/EWP/563/98)
 - Clinical Investigation of Products for Prevention of Intra- and Post-operative Venous Thromboembolic Risk (CPMP/EWP/707/98)
- Clinical development of Antithrombin
 - Pharmacokinetic study in hereditary AT deficient patients (not during high risk situation)
 - Open label safety & efficacy study
 - Objective measure of efficacy



Europe

- Scientific Advice
 - Pharmacokinetic study in hereditary AT deficient patients
 - Open label safety & efficacy trial in at least 12 patients
 - Objective measure of efficacy
 - Independent review of ultrasound imaging data
 - Non-zero event rate to be carefully explained



Multinational Safety & Efficacy Trial

Population

- 15 hereditary AT deficient patients
 - Documented AT activity ≤ 60% and
 - Personal or family history of thromboembolic complications
- Scheduled for elective procedure providing a high risk situation
 - Surgery
 - Cesarean section
 - Induced/spontaneous delivery

Objectives

- Efficacy
 - Assess incidence of DVT
 - Assess incidence of 'other' thromboembolic complications
- Safety (AEs and immunogenicity)



Patient Recruitment

- Multinational effort (16 countries)
- >23,000 physicians contacted
- ~500 physicians who have had HD patients in their practice at some time
 - Physicians notified about our study to enable recruitment
- Patient recruitment period: 18 months



Patient Recruitment Effort

Enrolling Countries (6)	Number Sites	Number Pts ID'd	Number Pts Enrolled
USA	22	26	3
Italy	6	8	1
UK	5	7	2
Germany	5	15	5
France	4	8	2
Sweden	3	4	1
Others *	11	14	0
TOTALS	55	82	14**

^{*}Czech, Hung, Ire, Switz, Nor, Sp, NL, Israel



^{** 17%} of identified patients enrolled

Europe

- Clinical development timeline
 - 28 months (FPI PK → LPO safety & efficacy)
- MAA submitted January 2004
- Responding to List of Outstanding Issues (July 2005)



United States

- Adequate & well-controlled trial required
 - Placebo-controlled?
 - Ruled out, known high risks to patients
 & large sample sizes
 - Active comparator (superiority or non-inferiority)?
 - No AT (standard of care?)
 - Ruled out, Phase II → Phase III
 - AT (non-inferiority)
 - Ruled out, large sample size & availability of comparator product?
 - Historical control?
 - AT (non-inferiority)



United States

- Historical controlled trial
 - Only feasible study design option
 - Comparator hpAT treated patients
 - Multinational effort to identify sites & collect data from medical charts
 - Additional rhAT treated patients (n=17)
 needed for comparison of rhAT & hpAT
 - Multinational effort to recruit patients
 - Study is underway in U.S.





